

Rogue River Courier.

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GRANTS PASS, JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1908.

PACIFIC COAST IS REPUBLICAN

G. O. P. Wins California,
Oregon, Washington.

OREGON GIVES 25,000

R. R. Butler, J. D. Lee, A. C. Mar-
stus, and E. J. Miller Will
Cast Oregon's Vote.

Portland, Or., Nov. 4.—Taft wins Oregon's electoral vote by between 24,000 and 25,000, according to incomplete returns from 33 counties and complete returns from Hood River county. He carries every county by pluralities ranging from 100 in Baker county to 8000 in Multnomah. The state vote stands near 65,000 for Taft and 40,000 for Bryan. In the Presidential election four years ago, Oregon gave Roosevelt 42,934 plurality, the vote for Roosevelt being 60,455, and for Parker 17,521. Socialists, Prohibitionists and Independents polled perhaps 10,000 votes in the state. The whole vote was close to 115,000.

To cast Oregon's four votes for Taft the state has chosen the Republican candidates for Presidential electors—R. R. Butler, of Gilliam county; J. D. Lee, of Multnomah; A. C. Marsters, of Douglas, and Frank J. Miller, of Linn.

Outside Multnomah county, Taft's lead is 16,000, his strongest counties being Marion, 1400 plurality; Lane, 1300; Washington, 1200; Umatilla, between 850 and 1000, and Douglas, 1000.

Scenes attending the balloting throughout the city were devoid of great interest. The provisions of the corrupt practice act were generally regarded and the usual buttonholing of electors at the voting places was not observed anywhere. Voters very generally discarded campaign buttons and other outward evidences of their party choice before going to the booths.

California Republican.

San Francisco, Nov. 4.—There was no state election in California to complicate issues, and the Republican National ticket carried the state by about 75,000 majority. In 1904 Roosevelt carried the state by 115,822 over Parker. The solid Republican delegation has been re-elected without change, and a Republican state legislature insures the election of a Republican to succeed Senator Perkins.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 4.—Washington joined in the landslide for Taft yesterday. The heavy vote and the slow count makes it impossible to determine accurately the extent of the Republican victory, but this much is certain: Washington gives Taft a plurality of at least 45,000, exceeding by 15,000 the preliminary estimates of State Chairman de Bruler; the entire Republican state ticket is elected by majorities that run well up with the Presidential ticket; the legislature overwhelmingly Republican, although one Democrat gets in from Stevens county, possibly a Democratic senator from Mason, Kitsap and Island and per-

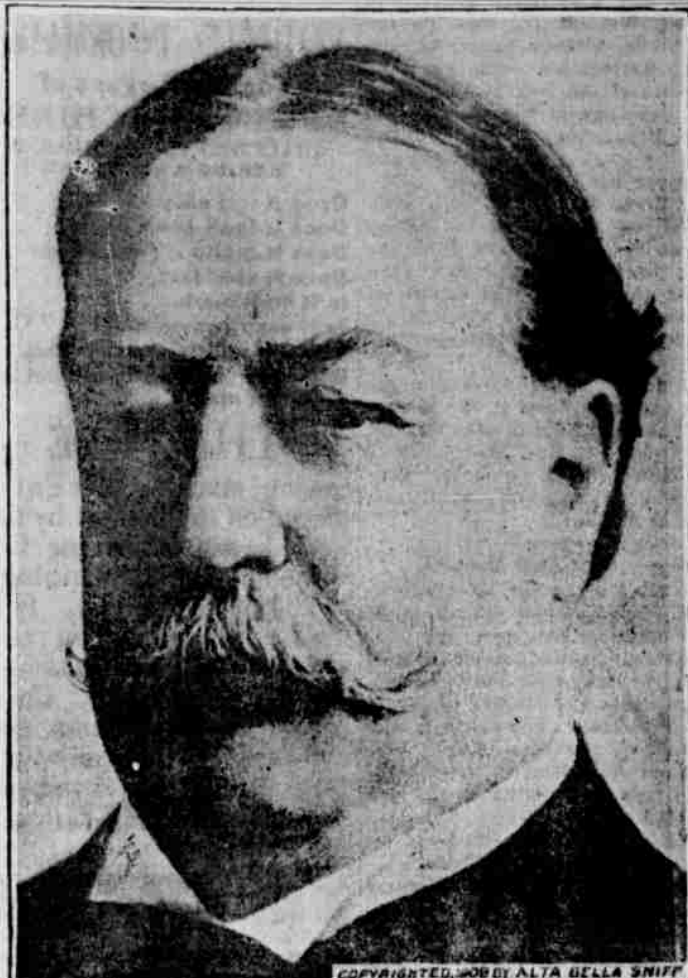
Continued on page 2.

GREAT REPUBLICAN VICTORY WON BY TAFT AND SHERMAN

CARRIED ALL THE DOUBTFUL STATES—LOWER HOUSE
OF CONGRESS REPUBLICAN

New York, Nov. 4.—The next President of the United States will be William Howard Taft, Republican, of Ohio. The next Vice-President will

be James Schoolcraft Sherman, Republican, of New York.



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be James Schoolcraft Sherman, Republican, of New York.

This is the verdict returned by the majority of the 15,000,000 voters of the United States. The Republican candidate has repeated Mr. Roosevelt's feat of carrying every Northern state. It is probable that Taft will have 311 votes in the electoral college, while William Jennings Bryan, for the third time defeated in his efforts to be elected to the highest office in the United States, will have 172.

New York state's 39 electoral votes will be cast for Taft and Sherman. Greater New York has gone Republican, including both Taft and Hughes.

Reports from all parts of the state indicate that the vote was heavy, the efforts of both gubernatorial candidates to bring out the ballots being rewarded with success. Both the old parties polled full votes, their strength not being seriously affected by the other minor parties.

Now of the great cities of the country have gone Republican, including New York and Chicago. St. Louis has gone Republican, while the rest of Missouri is heavily Democratic.

Taft Carried Every Doubtful State.
Taft has carried every doubtful

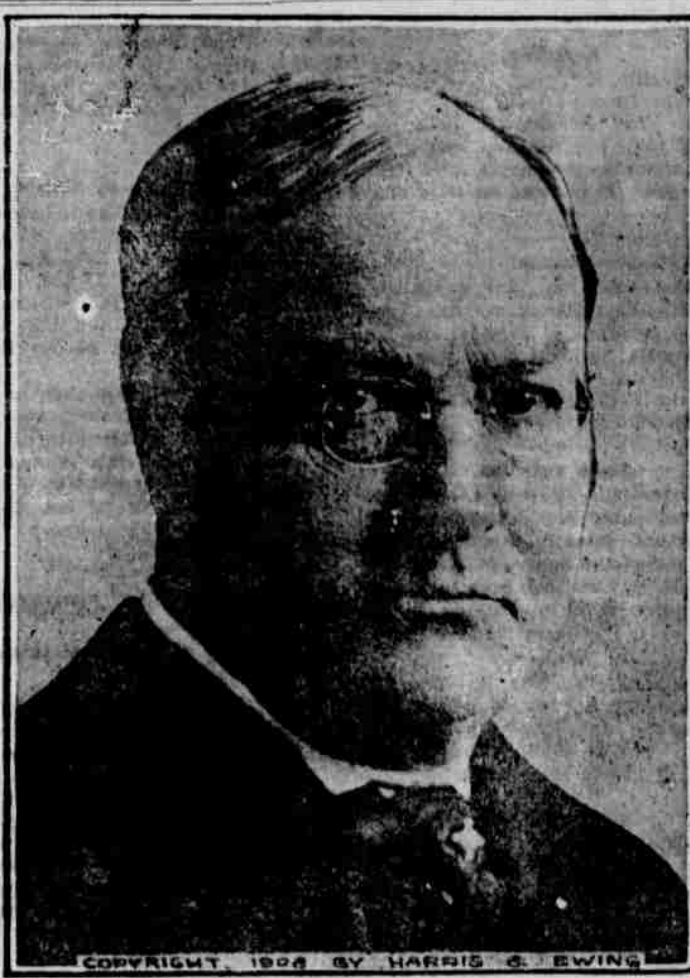
natorial contest last year. The greater part of the state's congressional delegation will be Democrats.

The Pacific Coast states, California, Washington and Oregon have given their votes to the Republican candidates, but Nevada, which voted against Parker in 1904, gave its votes this year to Bryan. The Dakotas and Minnesota are again Republican. Governor Johnson's personal popularity has apparently suf-

Vermont	4
Virginia	12
Washington	5
West Virginia	7
Wisconsin	13
Wyoming	3
Total	172

Cannon Is Elected.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—Joseph G. Cannon will go back to the house from



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His majority in New York state may reach 200,000, he carried Ohio by nearly 100,000 and Illinois by 175,000.

Indiana was extremely close, the majority there for the head of the ticket ranging from 5000 to 15,000. The returns indicate that the far Western mountain states of Colorado and Idaho have also given Taft their electoral votes.

Missouri has gone for Bryan, as was expected. Hadley, the Republican candidate for governor, made a hard fight, but could not overcome the normal Democratic majority. The indications are that Senator Stone has succeeded in the primary election, thus defeating the ambition of Governor Folk to become United States Senator.

Iowa has gone overwhelmingly for Taft, but by a majority much reduced from that given to Roosevelt four years ago, as was expected. The returns from the primaries indicate that Governor Cummins received a majority of the Republican vote and will therefore be indicated as the choice of the legislature for United States Senator to succeed the late William B. Allison.

The South Still Solid.

The "solid South" is still solidly Democratic. Mr. Bryan polling the usual large majorities. Maryland, about which some doubt was expressed before the election, is probably Democratic. Delaware is conceded to the Republicans. The New England states have gone for Taft and have elected Republican governors, but the vote in Rhode Island, where the Democrats made a strong fight, is very close. In Massachusetts the Independence party candidate for governor made a good showing, though running far behind the vote of Thomas L. Hisgen last year.

Central States for Taft.

Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, the great central states, with an aggregate of 65 electoral votes, have gone Republican despite the fight made to bring them into the Democratic column. The success of Mr. Taft in these states was considered vitally necessary to his election. Governor Deneen in Illinois was re-elected, but Governor Harris in Ohio was defeated by Harmon, Democrat, and Congressman Watson, Republican, was defeated for governor by Marshall, Democrat, in Indiana. Republican hopes of carrying Kentucky proved vain in spite of the victory of Wilson, Republican, in the gubernatorial chair of the North Star state, although his re-election is not certain. Wisconsin, Michigan, Iowa and in fact the whole northwest are Republican.

House Republican by 39.

President Taft will be supported by a Congress that will be Republican in both branches, thus insuring the passage of a satisfactory revision of the tariff under Republican auspices and without a possibility of factional opposition by the Democrats. The returns indicate that in the House of Representatives there will be 215 Republicans and 176 Democrats. This gives the Republicans a majority of 39.

The result will be that they are in a position to organize the House by the election of a Speaker, will control all the committees he may appoint, and will be able to dictate legislation during the two years beginning on March 4.

The Electoral Vote.

The electoral vote will probably be as follows:

	Bryan.	Taft.
Alabama	11	—
Arkansas	9	—
California	—	10
Colorado	—	5
Connecticut	—	7
Delaware	—	3
Florida	—	5
Georgia	13	—
Idaho	—	3
Illinois	—	27
Indiana	—	15
Iowa	—	13
Kansas	—	10
Kentucky	13	—
Louisiana	9	—
Maine	—	6
Maryland	—	8
Massachusetts	—	16
Michigan	—	14
Minnesota	—	11
Mississippi	10	—
Missouri	18	—
Montana	3	—
Nebraska	8	—
Nevada	3	—
New Hampshire	—	4
New Jersey	—	12
New York	—	39
North Carolina	12	—
North Dakota	—	4
Ohio	—	23
Oklahoma	—	7
Oregon	—	4
Pennsylvania	—	24
Rhode Island	—	4
South Carolina	—	9
South Dakota	—	4
Tennessee	12	—
Texas	18	—
Utah	—	—

the Eighteenth district of this state. Returns from the Congressional elections all over the country have been received which insure the party that was just elected Taft to the Presidency a clean-cut working majority in the next House.

NEW ENGLAND REPUBLICAN

Taft Successful in Massachusetts and Other Eastern States.

Boston, Nov. 4.—This city, together with the rest of Massachusetts has gone Republican, giving Mr. Taft 16 electoral votes. The plurality of Republican candidate will exceed 100,000.

Draper for Governor, Republican, has a plurality of 60,000.

Rhode Island.

Providence, R. I., Nov. 4.—Rhode Island's four electoral votes will be cast for William H. Taft, whose popular majority in the state is approximately 3000. The increased vote for Mr. Bryan in this city and other manufacturing centers accounts for the decrease in the Republican majority in 1904 of 6766. Aram J. Potther, Republican, of Woonsocket, has been elected governor.

Maine.

Portland, Me., Nov. 4.—Maine has returned its usual large majority for the Republican candidate, although Mr. Taft's vote did not reach the 36,791 majority polled by Mr. Roosevelt in 1904. No state election was held, as Maine chose a Republican governor and Republican congressmen in September.

New Hampshire.

Concord, N. H., Nov. 4.—New Hampshire gave Mr. Taft almost as large a vote as it did Mr. Roosevelt four years ago. Henry B. Quinn, Republican, has been elected governor.

Vermont.

| Montpelier, Vt., Nov. 4.—Vermont has gone Republican by a majority nearly as large as in 1904. There was no state election. |
| Hobart Gilfillan now carries his left arm in a sling, the bone being broken near the wrist. On Monday Hobart and others were playing and in some manner one of the boys accidentally landed against his arm while his hand was resting on a goal. |

NEW YORK'S 39 VOTES FOR TAFT

Hughes Defeats Chanler
by Large Majority.

REPUBLICAN LEGISLATURE

Taft's Plurality Mainly Due to
Democratic Losses in City
and in Brooklyn.

New York, Nov. 4.—As the result of yesterday's election New York state's 39 electoral votes will be cast for William H. Taft and James S. Sherman. Both the Republican National and state tickets are victorious, Charles E. Hughes being re-elected governor.

Taft has won by a tremendous plurality and Hughes by a good, safe margin. Taft's plurality may reach 200,000, and he has done the surprising thing of carrying Greater New York by a small figure. Governor Hughes' plurality now is estimated at 75,000 to 80,000, but it may be greater. Shearn, the Hearst candidate for governor, polled between 25,000 and 30,000 in Greater New York.

Taft's great plurality was due almost wholly to Democratic losses in New York and Brooklyn. The figures show that Taft's vote upstate fell off heavily from that received by Roosevelt in 1904, but Bryan's vote in New York and other counties making up the greater city slumped heavily from Parker's, and even from his own vote in 1900.

There was a great disappointment in the local candidates of the Socialist party. It had been looked on as an assured thing that Morris Hillquit would be returned to Congress as the Socialist party candidate in the Ninth District, and that J. G. Phelps Stokes and Robert Hunter would have more than a fighting chance of election as assemblymen for the Eighth and Sixth districts.

The next legislature will be Republican in both branches, insuring a Republican successor to Senator Thomas C. Platt, who will leave the senate in March.

Hughes Pleased.

"I need not say that I am greatly pleased with the result of the election," declared Governor Hughes. "I felt certain that the people would endorse the administration of President Roosevelt by electing Secretary Taft, and I consider my own re-election as an approval of the policies pursued by the state administration during the past two years."

ROOSEVELT SENDS GREETINGS

Congratulates Winning Candidates, but Makes No Comment.

Washington, Nov. 4.—The President last night sent the following dispatch to W. H. Taft:

"I need hardly say how heartily I congratulate you and the country even more."

He also sent the following dispatch to Representative Sherman:

"I most heartily congratulate you."

The President sent the following to Governor Hughes:

"Accept my heartiest congratulations for you and for the state."

The following was sent to Chairman Hitchcock:

"Accept my heartiest congratulations upon the great result which you have done so much to bring about."

The following was sent to Representative Loudenslager:

"Accept my hearty congratulations."

No statement was made by the President on the result of the election.

ROOSEVELT WORK APPROVED.

Taft's Reply to President's Message of Congratulation.

Cincinnati, Nov. 4.—President Roosevelt's telegram elicited the following reply:

"Thank you for your telegram. Without any expression from you I would know how deeply interested you have been in my success and how much you rejoice in it. It is your administration that this victory affirms."

"WILLIAM H. TAFT."

Cranberries, New Raisins, Currants and Nuts at Parde's.

11 6 21

Something New

Something New

Combination Kitchen Cabinets

A Kitchen in a small space to be seen at

O'NEILL'S

Nothing ever shown like it in Grants Pass

New Goods Arriving Every Day

O'NEILL The Homefurnisher